© CHAPTER 6 ANSWER KEY

SOME AND ANY!

¡Algo, Algún, Alguna, Alguno, Ninguno!

EXERCISE #1!

Escribe some o any de acuerdo a la oración. You can do it!

I bought some cheese, but I didn't buy any bread. Don't worry, I have some.	6. Do you have any brothers or sisters?
2. I'm hungry, can I have some food please?	7. Do you need any money? - No, thank you. I have some.
3. Would you like some coffee? - Yes please, I haven't drunk any today.	8. Do you speak any foreign languages? - Yes, I speak English and some French.
4. Do you need some help? -No, thanks, I am fine.	9. Carlos and Susana haven't got any children.
5. I want to ask you some questions.	10. Is there any milk in the fridge? - Yes, there's some.

EXERCISE #2!

Traduce las siguientes oraciones a inglés. You can do it!

Traduce las significations of actiones a migres. Tou can a	
1. ¿Quieres té?	1. Do you want some tea?
2. ¿Necesitas dinero?	2. Do you need any money?
3. ¿Necesitas algo de dinero?	3. Do you need some money?
4. Compré pasta pero no compré camarones.	4. I bought pasta, but I didn't buy any shrimp.
5. Algunas personas prefieren jugar y otras no.	5. Some people prefer to play, some don't.
6. No compré nada de queso y hoy tengo visitas.	6. I didn't buy any cheese and I have visitors.
7. ¿Puedo comer algo de sopa?	7. Can I have some soup?
8. ¿Tiene ensalada?	8. Do you have any salad?
9. No tengo hijos, tengo mascotas.	9. I don't have any children, I have pets.
10. No tengo mascotas, tengo hijos	10. I don't have any pets, I have children.

⊚ SOMETHING AND ANYTHING!

EXERCISE #1!

Escribe something o anything de acuerdo a la oración. You can do it!

zacinac semicuming a uniyuming ac acacinac a la cinaciom rea can ac	
 I bought sandwiches for the trip, but I didn't buy anything to drink. - Don't worry, I have something to drink here. 	6. Is there anything I can do for you? - No, thanks.
2. Would you like anything to drink mister? - Yes, thanks, I'd like some coffee.	7. Please, don't tell anything about this to Paulina.
Did you find something in the letter? Anything you want to know.	8. Wait. Something is not right here.
4. Are you doing anything tonight?Yes, I'm going to the movies with Pat.	9. Sandra told me you want to give me something Yes, I wanted to give you this papers.
5. I want to ask you some questions First, I want to tell you something.	10.Is there anything to eat at home?No, sorry. I haven't gone to the supermarket.Well, let's buy something. I'm hungry.

EXERCISE #2!

Escribe las oraciones en el idioma que corresponda. You can do it!

Tou can do it.
1. ¿Puedo hacer algo por ti?
2. ¿Necesitas algo?
3. ¿Qué hiciste? - ¡No hice nada!
4. No quiero hacer nada hoy. ¿Por qué no? ¡Vamos a hacer algo!
5. Necesito algo de la tienda, espera un minuto.
6. No comí nada porque no tenía hambre.
7. ¿Te puedo decir algo? - Claro, lo que sea.
8. ¿Sabes algo? (del tema)
9. No tengo nada que decir.
10. Hay algo en mi ojo.

EXERCISE!

AUDI © CH.6 DIFFICULT WORDS! Exercises 1 and 2

Escribe las oraciones en inglés.

Las oraciones están escritas en español, para ayudarte un poco más. Recuerda que aunque en inglés se escriba en singular, en español es en plural. Y recuerda también que no necesitamos en inglés algunas preposiciones como las necesitamos en español. Al terminar tu ejercicio, repasa con tu audio las oraciones para que practiques pronunciación. *You can do it!* ©

1. Is there anybody out there? ¿Hay alguien ahí afuera?	7. Excuse me teacher, is everybody in class? -Yes, everybody is in class. Disculpe profesora, ¿están todos en clase? Sí, todos están en clase.
2. You are somebody in my life. Tú eres alguien en mi vida.	8. Someone has to call Susan. She needs to know about the test. Alguien tiene que llamar a Susan. Ella necesita saber sobre el exámen.

3. Tony hasn't got anybody to talk to. That is why he is so sad. Tony no tiene a nadie con quien platicar. Por eso él está tan triste.	9. I need somebody to help me. I cannot do this by myself. Necesito a alguien que me ayude. No puedo hacer esto por mí misma.
4. Everybody in this school is crazy. Todos en la escuela están locos.	10. Someone has to help this woman to cross the street. Anyone? Alguien debe de ayudar a esta mujer a cruzar la calle. ¿Alguien?
5. Any one in this group can do the job. Cualquiera en este grupo puede hacer el trabajo.	11. I can't see anyone here. Can you? No puedo ver a nadie aquí. ¿Tú puedes?
6. Anyone can play football. Cualquiera puede jugar futbol.	12. Everybody in this house loves animals! ¡Todos en esta casa aman a los animales!

EXERCISE 2!

Escribe las palabras en inglés y su significado en español:

not anyone	nadie	any	algo
anybody	alguien / cualquiera	not any	nada
everybody	todos	some	algo
someone	alguien	something	algo
somebody	alguien	anything	nada
anything at all	nada en lo absoluto	any one	cualquiera dentro de un grupo

EXERCISE 3

Is there anybody out there?	Is someone at the door?	Everybody is at home.	Let me say something.
¿Hay alguien afuera?	¿Hay alguien en la puerta?	Todos están en casa.	Déjame decir algo.
This means nothing to me.	Did you study anything at all?	Is everybody at the office?	That was some story! Tell it again!
Esto no significa nada para mí.	¿Estudiaste algo?	¿Están todos en la oficina?	¡Esa fue una historia! ¡Cuéntala de nuevo!
Do you have cookies? -Yes, I've got some.	Does she have cookies? -No, she hasn't got any.	Is there any shampoo? I'd like to wash my hair.	I haven't got my camera, so I can't take any photographs.
¿Tienes galletas? Sí, tengo algo de galletas.	¿Tiene galletas ella? No, no tiene nada de galletas.	¿Hay shampoo? Me gustaría lavarme mi cabello.	No tengo mi cámara, entonces no puedo tomar nada de fotografías.
Everyone here is ready to hear you sing.	 Do you play the guitar? No. Do you play the piano? No. Do you play any instrument? No. 	-Who was that man who gave you this rose? -Anybody. -Really? -Really.	Anyone with a brain can do this drawing.No, not anyone can; I can't.
Todos aquí están listos para oírte cantar.	¿Tocas la guitarra? No. ¿Tocas el piano? No. ¿Tocas algún instrumento? No.	¿Quién era ese hombre que te dio esta rosa? Nadie. ¿De verdad? De verdad	Cualquiera con cerebro puede hacer este dibujo. No, no cualquiera puede; yo no puedo.

I can do this job alone. I don't need any help.	-Ana wants to tell us somethingDo you know what is it about? -No idea.	A man stopped me and said something, but I didn't understand.	Is he handsome? -He's anything but handsome. I think he's ugly!
Puedo hacer este trabajo solo. No necesito nada de ayuda.	Ana quiere decirnos algo. ¿Sabes de qué se trata? No tengo idea.	Un hombre me paró y me dijo algo, pero no entendí.	¿Es guapo? Es todo menos guapo. ¡Creo que es horrible!
-Tell me somethingWhat? -Anything you want.	Excuse me Sir., Would you like anything to drink?Yes, some coffee please.	You have something in your eye.	I think everybody knows that I love you with all my heart.
Dime algo. ¿Qué? Lo que quieras.	Disculpe señor, ¿le gustaría algo de beber? Sí, algo de café por favor.	Tienes algo en tu ojo.	Creo que todos saben que te quiero con todo mi corazón.

EXERCISE 4

Escoge la respuesta correcta para cada oración y después escríbelas en español.

-scoge la respuesta correcta para	cada oración y acspacs escriber	as cir espanoi.	
Is here?	Are you with?	is at home.	I can't see!
a) anyoneb) somec) any	a) someb) anyc) someone	a) Someb) Everybodyc) No	a) anythingb) reallyc) something
¿Hay alguien aquí?	¿Estás con alguien?	Nadie está en casa.	¡No puedo ver nada!
This means to us. a) yes b) something c) every	Is there you want to tell me? a) something b) some c) any	a) everyone b) no c) no one	This is news! a) some b) something c) someone
Esto significa algo para nosotros.	¿Hay algo que quieras decirme?	¿Están todos en la oficina?	¡Esa fue una noticia!
I haven't candies for the children.	Do you needhelp?	Is there shampoo? I'd like to wash my hair.	here can do the things you ask.
a) anythingb) anyc) anyone	a) yes b) no c) <u>any</u>	a) no one b) everyone c) <u>any</u>	a) Anyoneb) somethingc) anything
No tengo dulces para los niños.	¿Necesitas ayuda?	¿Hay shampoo? Me gustaría lavarme mi cabello.	Cualquiera aquí puede hacer las cosas que pides.
here is ready to hear you sing. a) Anything b) Everybody c) Any	a) any b) some c) something	I'd love to have a dog. Any dog for me is fine. a) Some b) Any c) Something	I'm hungry. I'd like salad and a cheeseburger. a) some b) any c) everyone
Todos aquí están listos para oírrte cantar.	Me gustaría algo de honestidad.	Me encantaría tener un perro. Cualquier perro está bien por mí.	Tengo hambre. Me gustaría una ensalada y una hamburguesa.

⊚ NO / NOT!

EXERCISE 1!

Escribe CORRRECT si la oración está correcta o INCORRECT si está incorrecta. Si está incorrecta, escríbela nuevamente de forma correcta.

COITECIA.		
I am not your friend.	correct	
I was not in the room.	correct	
She is no more my friend.	correct	
Freddy is no longer in love with Sheila.	correct	
My husband is no here.	incorrect	My husband is not here.
- I'm sorry! - Do no worry.	incorrect	Do not worry.
The notice says: "Not parking", so, do not park here please.	incorrect	no parking
"No drinks in this classroom"	correct	
I failed the test Not you!	correct	
Who did the homework? -No me.	incorrect	Not me.
I hope you are wrongI hope no.	incorrect	I hope not.
Not more pictures please.	incorrect	No more pictures
The answer is not here.	correct	
No more food for me. I'm full.	correct	
Susan is not longer my friend. She's no a trustful woman.	incorrect	Susan is no longer my friend. She's not a trustful woman.
Give me that! This no longer concerns you.	correct	
Can you do that? -Not trouble.	incorrect	No trouble
-Daniel jumped from the tree three timesNo way! -I saw him.	correct	
Please make not mistakes during the presentation.	incorrect	no mistakes
I can't believe they did that. Not them.	correct	

EXERCISE 2!

Escribe en inglés.

No digas más.	Say no more.	¡No tú!	Not you!
No quiero sopa.	I don't want soup.	Ellos ya no están casados.	They are no longer married.
Esto no es chistoso.	This is not funny.	Enrique no está aquí.Ah, gracias.No hay problema.	Enrique is not here.Oh, thanks.Not at all / No problem
- Gracias. - De nada.	-Thanks. -Not at all.	- Perdí el teléfono. - ¡No otra vez!	I lost the phone.Not again!
- ¿Escuchaste? - Nada en lo absoluto.	-Did you hear? -Not a thing.	- ¿Tienes billetes? - Ni uno solo.	Do you have any bills?Not a single one.
No tengo dinero.	I have no money.	No entrar	No entry
No hay problema.	No trouble	No fumar	No smoking
No estacionarse	No parking		

◎ MANY, MUCH, A LOT OF

EXERCISE 1!

Escribe sobre las líneas las oraciones que escuches. You can do it! Al terminar de escribir, tradúcelas al español.

ENGLISH	SPANISH
I saw a lot of books on the table.	Vi muchos libros sobre la mesa.
I didn't see much.	No vi mucho.
Do you have many things to do today?	¿Tienes muchas cosas que hacer hoy?
How many times do I have to say that I love you very much?	¿Cuántas veces tengo que decir que te quiero mucho?
I have a lot to read.	Tengo mucho qué leer.
Do you have money? - Yes, a lot.	¿Tienes dinero? -Sí, mucho.
There are a lot of trees in the garden.	Hay muchos árboles en el jardín.
There is a lot of juice in the kitchen.	Hay mucho jugo en la cocina.
How much money do you want? - Not much.	¿Cuánto dinero quieres? -No mucho.
How much money do you want? - A lot.	¿Cuánto dinero quieres? - Mucho
I have seen you many times in this cafeteria.	Te he visto muchas veces en esta cafetería.

EXERCISE 2!

Escribe sobre las líneas si la oración es corrrecta o incorrecta. Si está incorrecta, reescríbela correctamente. You can do it!

Do you drink much coffee?	correct
I drink much tea.	incorrect: I drink a lot of tea. (La oración no es negativa, no se utiliza <i>much</i>)
It was a cold winter. We had much snow.	incorrect. We had a lot of snow.

We say many cars on the street.	correct
I like reading. I read much books.	incorrect. I read a lot of books. / I read many books.
We say many interesting things in the museum last night.	correct
I love you many.	incorrect. I love you a lot.
We go to the cinema much.	incorrect. We go to the cinema a lot.
There aren't many hotels in this town.	correct
There isn't any food here. I will buy many food.	incorrect. I'll buy a lot of food.
I don't like you very much.	correct
Paula hasn't got much money.	correct
Adry talked to me, but she didnt'say many.	incorrect. Adry talked to me, but she didn't say much.
I have many things to do, but not a lot of time.	correct
My dogs play many times during the day.	correct

☺ LITTLE, FEW

EXERCISE 1!

¡Escribe las preguntas que escuches y contéstalas con *a little* o *a few*! La primera está resuelta como ejemplo para ti. Recuerda qué palabra se usa con plurales, con incontables o contables. *You can do it!*

Have you got any money?	- a little
Have you got any food?	- a little
Have you got envelopes?	- a few
Do you have friends?	- a few
Does your mother speak English?	- a little
Do you speak English?	- a little
Did Sarah make mistakes in the test?	- a few
How many days did you spend in India?	- a few
How many drops of solution did you put in the water?	- a few
How much alcohol did you drink last night?	- a little
Do we have fruit at home?	- a little
Do you still have chocolates?	- a few

EXERCISE 2!

Escribe few, a few, little, a little donde corresponda. You can do it!

few moments	a few friends	few friends	little sugar
a few monkeys	little time	few cookies	little juice
a few drops	little wine	a little time	few coins
little food	few dogs	a little hungry	a few photographs
a little mad	a little sad	few clothes	few games

⊙ ALL, MOST

EXERCISE 1!

Translate the sentences! No olvides la buena ortografía. Utiliza tus acentos y tus signos correctamente adecuado a cada idioma. Una buena ortografía, siempre hablará bien de ti.

You can do it! Recuerda que las palabras que no conozcas, hay que buscarlas en un diccionario.

ORACIÓN	TRADUCCIÓN
1. Todo lo que quiero hacer está aquí.	All I want to do is here.
2. This is the most wonderful gift I have ever received!	¡Este es el regalo más maravilloso que he recibido!
3. La mayoría de la gente es buena.	Most of the people is good.
4. I will be here all the time. Don't worry.	Estaré aquí todo el tiempo. No te preocupes.
5. Todos están a favor de la decisión.	All are in favor of the decision.
6. I'll be with you all the way, I promise.	Estaré contigo todo el camino, lo prometo.
7. Siento felicidad por todo mi cuerpo.	I feel happiness all over my body.
8. Las hormigas están por toda casa.	The ants are all over the house.
9. Did you see him at all? - No, not at all.	¿Lo viste? -No, para nada.
10. ¿No te gustó el libro para nada? -Bueno, algo.	Didn´t you like the book at all?Well, something.
11. I was here most of the time and I didn't see him.	Estuve aquí la mayor parte del tiempo y no lo vi.
12. La mayoría de ustedes son del equipo azul.	Most of you are from the blue team.
13. Most people love you.	La mayoría te quiere.
14. I like most of the family, but not all.	Me cae bien la mayoría de la familia, pero no todos.
15. Estuvimos juntos la mayoría del tiempo el año pasado.	We were together most of the time last year.

EXERCISE 2!

Write the questions and respond them! You can do it!

Questions (en audio)	Answers
1. Did I make the most of loving you?	a) <u>Yes</u> . b) Tomorrow. c) my dog
2. Is love all you need?	a) Maybe.b) I love you.c) Was my friend.
3. Is he a good father?	a) He's my father.b) He's your father.c) All in all, he's a good one.
4. Is everyone in the room?	a) notb) onec) Well, most of the people is here.
5. Did you eat everything?	a) next weekb) I saw it behind.c) <u>I ate it all.</u>
6. Where are my flowers?	a) All over the floor. Fluffy was playing andb) I don't know, tomorrow.c) The cat is sleeping.

7. Don't you like it at all? Why?	a) Not yet.b) Not at all. It's awful!c) It's wonderful!
8. Excuse me, can you tell me where I am?	a) Of course not!b) <u>Sure, you are in Brazil.</u>c) most of the time
9. Do you realize everyone is staring at you? realize: darse cuenta stare: quedarse mirando a algo o alguien ¿Te das cuenta que todos te están mirando?	a) Wellb) Not everyone! Most of the guests are.c) Sure! Welcome!
10. Do you have everything for the pic-nic?	a) I have it all.b) I have it all not.c) I don't have it all yes.

◎ NOWHERE, SOMEWHERE, ANYWHERE, EVERYWHERE

EXERCISE 1! Escucha y escribe.

inglés	español	inglés	español	inglés	español
somewhere	en algún lugar	many	varios	not	no
anywhere	en cualquier lugar	much	mucho	nothing	nada
eveywhere	en todos lados	few	pocos	no	no
nowhere	en ningún lado	little	poquito	something	algo
most	la mayoría	all	todos	a lot of	mucho (de)

EXERCISE 2!

Completa las siguientes oraciones con la palabra que corresponda.

1. I lost my watch. I've lookedfor it. everywhere
2. The mosquitoes are in the house! everywhere
3. We can goyou like. I have got a new car! anywhere
4. We can go I have no gasoline. nowhere
5. I want to take you I can kiss you. somewhere
6. Where are the keys? I can't remember! They can be! anywhere
7. I'm afraid. I'm in the middle of nowhere
8I go, I think about you. Everywhere
9. Do you want to go special? somewhere 10. No thanks, we can go anywhere

○ WHATSOEVER, WHATEVER

EXERCISE! Translate!

Sentence	Spanish
Give me whatever response you like.	Dame cualquier respuesta que gustes.
I don't want any problem whatsoever with you.	No quiero ninguna clase de problema contigo.
I need to contact my brother whatever it takes.	Necesito contactar a mi hermano, cueste lo que cueste.
- Your sister is no longer married Whatever	- Tu hermana ya no está casada. - Da igual.
- I didn't do it! I'm telling you! - Yeah, yeah, whatever	- ¡Yo no lo hice! ¡Te lo estoy diciendo! - Sí, sí, como sea.
There is no sugar whatsoever.	No hay nada de azúcar.
The doctor didn't receive any help whatsoever.	El doctor no recibió ninguna clase de ayuda.
- What do you want to do? - Whatever you want.	- ¿Qué quieres hacer? - Lo que sea.
Do you want to go to the movies? to the theatre?Whatever	- ¿Quieres ir al cine? ¿Al teatro? - Lo que sea.

© IRREGULAR VERBS

EXERCISE 1!

Escucha el dictado de los siguientes verbos en infinitivo y escríbelos.

	. •			
lose = perder	think	take	tell	speak
sleep	wear	understand	tear	sell
stand	swim	say	rise	spend
steal	write	shine	sing	see
run	teach	show	sit	throw

EXERCISE 2!

Escucha el dictado de los siguientes verbos en tercera persona del singular y escríbelos.

teaches = enseña	puts	shoots	rides	makes
tears	rises	takes	lights	shuts
wears	sees	understands	sends	thinks
wakes	steals	meets	sells	throws
pays	swims	loses	sits	puts

EXERCISE 3!

Escucha el dictado de los siguientes verbos en pasado y escríbelos.

wrote	threw	shut	run	saw
paid	spoke	sat	put	woke
said	told	slept	stole	rode
stood	swam	rose	took	tore
shot	understood	rang	won	rose

EXERCISE 4!

Escucha el dictado de los siguientes verbos en participio y escríbelos.

won = ganado	stood	said	shone	woken
written	stolen	seen	shot	understood
risen	swum	sent	sung	worn
taken	ridden	thought	sat	shown
spoken	told	tought	spent	met

© LAST PREPOSITIONS!

EXERCISE 1! Listen to the next sentences, write them in English and then in Spanish. The first one is done for you. You can do it!

3 I left the keys <u>at</u> home, <u>in</u> my purse, <u>on</u> the table. 4 <u>Between</u> chocolate cake and vanilla, I prefer the first. 5 At your house, we feel <u>among</u> friends. 6 The dog ran <u>towards</u> the door when we rang the bell. El po	i abuelo estaba durmiendo durante la película. ejé las llaves en casa en mi bolsa sobre la mesa. tre chocolate y vainilla, prefiero el primero. tu casa, nos sentimos entre amigos. perro corrió hacia la puerta cuando el timbre sonó. amaré hasta que termine este hot dog.
4 Between chocolate cake and vanilla, I prefer the first. 5 At your house, we feel among friends. 6 The dog ran towards the door when we rang the bell. El p	tre chocolate y vainilla, prefiero el primero. tu casa, nos sentimos entre amigos. perro corrió hacia la puerta cuando el timbre sonó.
5 At your house, we feel <u>among</u> friends. 6 The dog ran <u>towards</u> the door when we rang the bell. El p	tu casa, nos sentimos entre amigos. perro corrió hacia la puerta cuando el timbre sonó.
6 The dog ran <u>towards</u> the door when we rang the bell. El p	tu casa, nos sentimos entre amigos. perro corrió hacia la puerta cuando el timbre sonó.
7 I will love you <u>until</u> I finish this hot dog. Te a	amaré hasta que termine este hot dog.
8 The painting was sold <u>through</u> a dealer from the museum. La p	pintura fue vendida a través de un agente del museo.
9 This flower is <u>for</u> you.	ta flor es para ti.
10 The poem was written <u>by</u> me.	poema fue escrito por mí.
11 I don't want to live <u>without</u> pets.	o quiero vivir sin mascotas.
12. In the test, the teacher put her book <u>under</u> CHAIR. En e	el examen, la maestra puso su libro debajo de la silla.
13. The boat passed <u>below</u> the bridge.	bote pasó debajo del puente.
14. I feel something <u>beneath</u> the covers! ¡Sie	ento algo debajo de las sábanas!
15 The store is <u>down</u> the street in front of the supermarket. La ti	tienda está a lo largo de la calle enfrente del súper.
16 The airplane flies <u>over</u> the city.	avión vuela sobre la ciudad.
17 This information is <u>above</u> my understanding. Esta	ta información está más allá de mi entendimiento.
18 The cat is upon the table.	gato está sobre la mesa.
19 The ghost is <u>behind</u> her in the photo!	fantasma está detrás de ella en la foto.
	sta noche "Canelo Álvarez versus Mayweather a las 00 p.m.!
	sta noche "Canelo Álvarez contra Mayweather a las 00 p.m.!
22 We traveled <u>by</u> train. Viaj	ajamos en tren.
23 We traveled throughout the country. Viaj	ajamos a través del país.

EXERCISE 2!

Listen to the dictation and write the prepostitions you hear!

beside	above	down	throughout	versus
between	towards	under	through	via
beyond	along	until / till	out of	because of
by	among	in	around	like
over	without	on	as	off
since	within	upon	at	of
during	with	about	because of	up
for	before	across	like	below
from	behind	after	into	against
after				

◎ AUDI ◎ CH.6 PHRASAL VERBS LISTS 1,2,3!

list 1

PHRASAL VERB	SENTENCE
bounce back	Please don't answer me back. Please don't answer back.
ask after	Karla asked after her dad today.
be dying for	Carlos asked me out tonight.
booked up	Back off! You are not helping anymore!
answer back	I need to back up my computer.
blow up	I am dying for an ice-cream.
back up	The terrorists blew up the building. It was a tragedy.
ask out	The event is booked up, sorry.
back off	I'm afraid your mail bounced back.

Exercise 2! Listen! Listen to the following phrasal verbs and write them down. (write down= escribir sobre el papel, la línea, el cuaderno, etc.)

blow up	back up	booked up	bounce back	answer back
back off	ask out	be dying for	ask after	

list 2
EXERCISE 1! Fill the blanks with the correct phrasal verb!

PHRASAL VERB	SENTENCE
go off	This is a non-smoking building. You need to put your cigarette out.
throw away	This afternoon, a bomb went off killing thousands of people.
get on	I couldn't get on the bus. I had to walk!
come up	Honey, you need to come up and see this.
give up	Mom, I'm going to throw the trash away.
wash up	Please, wash up with this soap.
put out	Don't give up, you have got to try again!
knock down	The building was knocked down by the contractor.
go on	Go on with your life and forget me.

EXERCISE 2! Listen to the following phrasal verbs!

knock down	go off	throw away	give up	blow up	back up	booked up	bounce back	answer back
put out	get on	come up	wash up	back off	ask out	be dying for	ask after	go on

If you had everything correct, draw a smiley face! \odot

list 3

EXERCISE 1! Write the following sentences in English. Remember to write the phrasal verb in the correct tense. You can do it!

SENTENCE	Sentence in Spanish
She started to burst into tears when he told her he didn't love her anymore.	Ella comenzó a romper en lágrimas cuando él le dijo que ya no la quería.
Claudia is going to bring along the salad.	Claudia va a traer la ensalada.
The new President must bring about a change in the office.	El nuevo Presidente debe traer un cambio a la oficina.
Carlos, please call me back.	Carlos, por favor llámame de regreso.
The thief broke into / in the house and stole a collar.	El ladrón entró a la casa y robó un collar.
We broke up last month.	Rompimos el mes pasado.
Yesterday I bumped into Rosa. She was a friend of mine in school.	Ayer me tropecé con Rosa. Era mi amiga en la escuela.
Come on! You have got to brighten up! It's not the end of the world!	¡Vamos! ¡Tienes que animarte! No es el fin del mundo.
I can't listen to you very well. Your voice is braking up.	No puedo escucharte muy bien. Tu voz se está cortando.
The thief broke in / into the building carefully.	El ladrón entró al edificio cuidadosamente.

EXERCISE 2! Listen to the following phrasal verbs!

burst into	get on	get off	wash up	break in	call back	knock down
break up	bring about	go off	give up	bump into	brighten up	put out
come up	bring along	throw away	ask after	be dying for	write down	answer back

list 4

EXERCISE 1! Listen to the following sentences and write them down. You can do it! ◎

Sentences!	
1) Please Sandra, I need you to check up on Miguel. I think he's not doing his work.	6) I care for you very much.
2) I bumped into Claudia and we caught up in a café.	7) Do you care for a cup of coffee?
3) We checked in the hotel at 3:00 p.m.	8) I don't want to distract you, carry on.
4) Calm down, don't burst into tears.	9) I thought I couldn't get over you.
5) María cares for her grandmother.	10) I did get over you. I went on with my life.

EXERCISE 2! Write the sentences from above in Spanish. You can do it! ©

Oración en español	
1) Por favor Sandra, necesito que vigiles a Miguel. Creo que no está haciendo su trabajo.	6) Me importas mucho. / Tengo sentimientos por ti.
2) Me tropecé con Claudia y nos pusimos al corriente en un café.	7) ¿Gustas una taza de café?
3) Nos documentamos en el hotel a las 3:00p.m.	8) No quiero distraerte, continúa.
4) Cálmate, no rompas en llanto.	9) Pensé que no podría superarte.
5) María cuida de su abuela.	10) Te superé. Seguí con mi vida.

EXERCISE 3! Write down the phrasal verbs you hear. You can do it!

catch up	calm down	break into	knock down	go off	booked up
check in	carry on	wash up	bring along	get on	break into
check out	catch up with	ask after	bump into	get off	break in
come up	catch up on	aswer back	brighten up	bring about	carry on
give up	throw away	break out	break up	go on	call back

If you had everything correct, draw a smiley face! \odot

list 5

knock down	go off	go on	give up	blow up	back up
put out	get on	come up	wash up	back off	ask out
cheer up	calm down	break into	knock down	go off	booked up
check in	carry on	wash up	bring along	get on	break into
check out	catch up with	ask after	bump into	get off	break in
come up	catch up on	aswer back	brighten up	bring about	come on
give up	throw away	break out	break up	check up on	call back
come apart	chicken out	come across	chill out	come around	come out

EXERCISE 2! Write the correct phrasal in the sentences. Write the phrasal in the correct tense.

1) Don't you worry. He'll come around.	cambiar de opinión, reflexionar
2) Come on! We are waiting for you!	apresurar a alguien
3) Our friendship came apart when she married him.	separar en partes
4) I came across with an important document when I was clearing up my room.	+ encontrarse con algo + arreglando un cuarto
5) Gabriel chickened out when Liz told him she wanted to have a baby.	acobardarse
6) Do not be angry at her, chill out.	calmarse
7) This is not the end of the world! Cheer up!	animar

If you had everything correct, draw a smiley face! \odot

List 6

EXERCISE 1! Change the following phrasal verbs into the tenses asked. The first one is done for you.

Output

Description:

PRESENT	PAST	3RD PERSON SINGULAR	PRESENT PERFECT	PAST PERFECT	FUTURE
drop off	dropped off	drops off	have /has dropped off	had dropped off	will drop off
drink up	drank up	drinks up	have /has drunk up	had drunk up	will drink up
come over	came over	comes over	have/ has come over	had come over	will come over
drop in	dropped in	drops in	have /has dropped in	had dropped in	will drop in
come to	came to	comes to	have /has come to	had come to	will come to
cool down	cooled down	cools down	have /has cooled down	had cooled down	will cool down
deal with	dealt with	deals with	have /has dealt with	had dealt with	will deal with
depend on / upon	depended upon	depends on	have /has depended upon	had depended on	will depend on
doze off	dozed off	dozes off	have /has dozed off	had dozed off	will doze off
dress up	dressed up	dresses up	have /has dressed up	had dressed up	will dress up

EXERCISE 2! Listen to the following phrasal verbs and write them down.

drop off	come up	check up on	back off	ask out	cool down	break up
drink up	break into	knock down	go off	come over	deal with	come around
come over	wash up	bring along	get on	break into	depend on	come on
drop in	ask after	bump into	get off	break in	doze off	go on
chill out	aswer back	brighten up	bring about	carry on	dressed up	give up

If you had everything correct, draw a smiley face! \odot

List 7
EXERCISE 1! Write down the sentences you hear and translate them to Spanish.

SENTENCES	SPANISH
1) I finally figured out her real intentions.	Finalmente descubrí sus reales intenciones.
2) What are you going to do? You need to fight back!	¿Qué vas a hacer? ¡Necesitas defenderte!
3) I feel for her.	Siento pena por ella.
4)María falls for Miguel. She told me yesterday.	María se siente atraída por Miguel. Me lo dijo ayer.
5) My vase fell apart. I am very sad, it was my grandma's.	Mi florero se rompió. Estoy muy triste, era de mi abuela.
6) The clown fell over during the act last night.	El payaso se cayó anoche durante el acto.
7) My brother fell down from the tree. He's not very intelligent.	Mi hermano se cayó del árbol. No es muy inteligente.
8) Do you want to eat out with me?	¿Quieres salir a comer conmigo?
9) If you drop out the course ¿what are you going to study?	Si te sales del curso ¿qué vas a estudiar?
10) I am falling behind you in the course. I will catch up this weekend.	Me estoy quedando atrás de ustedes en el curso. Este fin de semana me pondré al corriente.

List 8
EXERCISE 1! Write the following sentences in English. You can do it!

Spanish	English
1) Sarita da seguimiento al producto.	Sarita follows up the product.
2) Me dejé llevar y dije cosas feas.	I got carried away and I said ugly things.
3) No tengo tiempo, te llamo de regreso.	I have no time I get back to you.
4) Primero, llene este formato.	First, fill in / fill out this format.
5) Hojea este libro y dime qué ves.	Flip through this book and tell me what you see.
6) María y yo nos llevamos bien.	María and I get along.
7) Llena completamente la botella.	Fill up the bottle. / Fill the bottle up.
8) Me siento cómoda con ustedes. (en el grupo de gente)	I fit in with you.
9) Solo tonteamos un rato, no somos pareja.	We just fooled around a little, we are not couple.
10) Estaba tonteando con Alberto, eso es todo.	I was fooling around with Alberto, that's all.

List 9
EXERCISE 1! Listen to the following meanings in Spanish, write down the phrasal verb that corresponds to each one.

EXERCISE 1: Elst	cir to the lonewi
hang up	go by
hold on	go out
go out with	get together
hand out	go back
help out	hang out

List 10

EXCERCISE 1! Fill out the sentences with the correct phrasal verb. You can do it!

1) I didn't feel well at the party. I threw up.	7) Keep on reading. I won't bother you anymore.
2) Please don't look down on the people. It's rude. You are not perfect.	8) Would you try this dress on?
3) I will turn the page over, I won't look back, what's done is done.	9) Carry on with your life, don't look back.
4) Hey! Grow up! You are not a child anymore!	10) The plant will grow up better under the sunlight.
5) Please look up in the dictionary the meaning of this word.	11) Are you ready? Please hurry up, the wedding is about to start!
6) Watch out! You almost knock the glass over!	12) Look down at your shoes.

If you had everything correct, draw a smiley face! \odot

SUFFIXES!

EXERCISE! Look up the following words and write the meaning in Spanish. The first two are done for you. Not all the wordscan be changed to the four forms.

noun	verb	adjective	adverb
fantasy	fantasize	fantastic	fantastically
fantasía	fantasear	fantástico	fantásticamente
commemoration conmemoración	commemorate conmemorar	commemorative conmemorativo	No hay como adverbio
happiness	no hay	happy	happily
felicidad		feliz	felizmente
hunger	no hay	hungry	hungrily
hambre		hambriento	de manera hambrienta
dominance	dominate	dominant	dominantly
dominio	dominar	dominante	dominantemente
criticism	critic	critical	critically
crítica	criticar	crítico	críticamente
satisfaction	satisfy	satisfied /satisfecho	satisfactorily
satisfacción	satisfacer	satisfactory / satisfactorio	satisfactoriamente
persistence	persist	persistent	persistently
persistencia	persistir	persistente	persistentemente
operation operación	operate operar	operational operacional	operationally operacionalmente
electric	no hay	electric / electrical	electrically
eléctrico		eléctrico	eléctricamente
specialization especialización	specialize especializar	special especial	specially especialmente

EXERCISE 2! Write the correct word in the sentence. What does the sentence need?

María dominated the meeting in the Director's office. a) dominant b) dominating c) dominated d) domination
2) The study of the last chapter was critical for the test. a) critical b) critisism c) critisize d) critisizing
I felt an enormous satisfaction when I saw you graduate. a) satisfy b) satisfaction c) satisfying d) satisfice
4) My mother was very persistent in buying this apple. a) persist b) persists c) persisting d) persistent
5) An experienced operator will explain the new system to the trainees. a) operating b) operator c) operates d) operated
6) This parking garage entrance is run electronically, not manually. a) electrical b) electric c) will elect d) electronically
7) She specializes in dogs not horses. a) specialize b) specialty c) special d) specializes
8) I need to sign the contract. a) contractor b) contracted c) contract d) contracting
9) Sorry, it was not my choice. I didn't designate the work. a) designation b) designating c) designates d) designate
10) My husband listened to my recommendations carefully. a) recomendations b) recommended c) would recomend d) will recomend

◎ PREFIXES!

EXERCISE! Mark an "X" if the word is a noun, a verb, an adjective or an adverb. The first two are done for you.

WORD	NOUN	VERB	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	WORD	NOUN	VERB	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB
self-esteem	Х				establish		Х		
preexistance	Х				happily				Х
hastily				Х	happy			Х	
reasonably				Х	employee	Х			
seldom				Х	employment	Х			
historical			х		eagerly				Х
traditional			х		suitable			Х	
famous			х		perfectionist	Х			
cooperation	Х				speechless	Х			
verbalize		х			anger	Х			
fasten		х			angrily				Х
establilshment	Х				monster	Х			
threaten		Х			likewise				Х

OVOCABULARY!

EXERCISE! Listen to the words and write them down!

oven	cradle / crib	master bedroom	stove	
appliance	mirror	bedroom	blender	
washing machine	basin	living room	drier	
iron	sink	T.V. room	duster	
dishwasher	cupboard	family room	refrigerator / fridge	
chest	taps	dining room	towel	
lamp	faucet	bathroom	hand towel	
bulb	soap	restroom	stairs	
table	chair	hallway	handrail / banister	
badger	moose	buffalo	peacock	
bear	goat	camel	duck	
sheep	cattle	elephant	ferret	
impala	cat	pig	fish	
swan	dog	jiraffe	chicken	

© Comprehension Test Chapter 6! ¡Prueba de comprensión Chapter 6!

○ VOCABULARY!

hot water	coyote	tablecloth	zebra
cool water	wolf	bed clothing	horse
tepid water	ass	bed sheet	pig
warm water	donkey	cover	bear
oven	bobcat	pillow	sheep

© DIFFICULT WORDS!

whatsoever	somebody	nothing		
whatever	something	no		
all	some	little		
most	any	few		
many	anywhere	everywhere		

off	out of	because of	beyond
over	out of	past	via
out	inside	beside	versus
into	throughout	up	as

You may continue with Chapter 7 dedicated to vocabulary or with your Workbooks to practice your English.

THANK YOU FOR STUDYING WITH US!

WE ARE VERY PROUD OF YOU!

Miss Fernanda

